

Project blog:

http://fruitroutesloughborough.wordpress.com

for more info, events and recipes: twitter: @fruitroutes email: environment@lboro.ac.uk





To share and enhance the biodiversity on campus To connect staff, students and local people in a creative and educational way

Fruit Routes combines foraging, the arts, biodiversity and community. Staff, students and

the local community are welcome to all events. These include: harvesting trips; seasonal walks;

Gardening Society; The School of the Arts and Transition Loughborough as part of a wider project

As the fruit trees grow there will be more and more fruit to eat, cook, share and celebrate. You

are invited to enjoy the route in all seasons, get involved in the project and make use of the fruit.

Come and join in! Fruit Routes started in 2011 and is devised and co-ordinated by environmental

artist Anne-Marie Culhane and supported by Loughborough University's Sustainability and

eating and feasting together; brewing and juicing on campus; and events led by artists and

ecologists at different times of day. We work with the Student and Staff Landscaping and

called Eat Your Campus. The trees planted in 2014 were funded by The Big Tree Plant.

get in touch with the campus as a living and learning landscape

support a local food culture To reduce our ecological footprint

WHY DO WE DO IT?

WHAT IS FRUIT ROUTES?

"With every apple you bite into you can make a landscape, you can sustain a culture." Common Ground, Producing the Goods

"We still (sometimes) remember that we cannot be free if our minds and voices are controlled by someone else. But we have neglected to understand that we cannot be free if our food and its sources are controlled by someone else. The condition of the passive consumer of food is not a democratic condition. One reason to eat responsibly is to live free." Wendell Berry, farmer/writer

"The most political act we do on a daily basis is to eat."

Dr Jules Pretty, Professor of Environment and Society, Essex University

Some highlights elsewhere on campus:

• Apple trees close to the West Gate outside Stewart Miller Building (small but good for

• Crab apples all across campus (good for jams, jellies and juicing).

• Walnut tree between Edward Herbert Building and Print department (fruiting some years) • Sweet Chestnut tree at Harry French Court (pick off the ground after Oct/Nov storms).
• Mulberry Tree at The Holt (eat in June fresh from the tree).

• Pear Tree outside Cogz Bike Shop, Telford Way (you will need a long stick to get these

pears! They ripen off the tree and are good for cooking or juicing). Apple Trees next to 11 Holywell Drive (you will need a long stick!)

• Cherries across campus particularly around Pilkington Library. (some wild cherries

are sweet, some are sour. Pick in July).

Safe and Responsible Wild Harvesting

O Do not taste a plant unless you are 100% sure it is edible or someone who you are confident has

knowledge about wild food and plants has shown you.

🛂 If you do use the internet for information, cross-reference a few websites, as there are some cases f misleading information and mis-identification.

Start with plants that are easy to identify and learn a few at a time. Leaves, stems, flowers, seeds,

location, time of year and smell will help you correctly identify things.

Make sure you are eating the correct part of the plant, for example, some plants have poisonous

leaves but you can eat the fruit Only try a small taste first. Don't eat a large quantity until you really know the plant and your

ividual reaction to it. See what it feels like in your mouth before swallowing it

Learn to identify each plant at different times of year to understand the lifecycle of the plant you

Make sure you know when the fruit is ready to eat. Many fruits are only really good for eating when

• If you are allergic to nuts you will also be allergic to wild nuts like hazel nuts. If you are intolerant to any other type of food be very sensible about what you try.

Avoid harvesting along busy roads due to potential contamination and if you are concerned about

oiling from animals then harvest plants that are above animal height.

Plants grown around ponds and streams can be contaminated through the water source so seek specialist advice before you gather from these areas.

Avoid harvesting in places where chemical sprays are used. You will usually be able to tell through

withering and yellow/browning of the plants.

If you have a medical condition, are taking medication or are pregnant or breast feeding seek any edible wild plants.

The University does not use chemical sprays on the fruit trees on the Fruit Routes and does not spray

along the Fruit Routes as a general rule, but there may be some occasions when chemicals are used on

kerbsides, rough areas and pathways. When this

occurs the area that has been sprayed will be

signposted.

Foraging and wild harvesting is an opportunity to share in nature's abundance so leave some for othe

Wild Food by Roger Phillips and Food for Free by Richard Mabey are key foraging books.

Pamela Michael.

For more on community fruit harvesting see the

Abundance Handbook (free download) http://growsheffield.com/abundance



This map shows the main Fruit Route on campus. This route is around 1km long. We have planted over 54 different varieties of edible fruit and nut trees and over 550 hedgerow trees (blackthorn, elder, wild cherry, wild plum, crab apple, wild rose, dog rose, guelder rose, rowan, hawthorn and hazel) around the route for foraging and wildlife.

Cordons/Espaliers along David Davies Building

- 109. Apricot Goldcot
- **110. Pear** Glou Morceau
- 111. Pear Comice Eater Pick Oct use until Dec
- 112. Grape Rembrandt Eater Pick late October
- 113. Apricot Early Moorpark Eater Pick late July
- 114. Quince Meech's Prolific Cooker Pick early Oct

In dip by David Davies Building

- 115. Mulberry Chelsea Eater Eat from tree in Aug
- 116. Chestnut Marigoule Cooker Pick Oct/Nov
- 117. Walnut Broadview Eater/Cooker Pick from
- ground Sept/Oct
- 118. Quince Champion Cooker Pick Oct



Transcendental Orchard

To left side of Pilkington Library

123. Almond Ingrid Eater/Cooker Crops Sept

128. Cherry Stella Eater Pick late July

130. Almond Ingrid Eater/Cooker Pick Sept

119. Crab Apple Floribunda Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife

121. Crab Apple Floribunda Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife

122. Crab Apple John Downie Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife

125. Crab Apple John Downie Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife

126. Crab Apple John Downie Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife

127. Crab Apple Floribunda Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife

131. Plum Coe's Golden Drop Eater/Cooker Pick late Sept

120. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black

124. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black

129. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black

To right of Pilkington Library

Pilkington

Library

- 132. Pear Doyenne du Comice Eater Pick Oct
- 133. Apple James Grieve Eater/Juice Pick Sept
- 134. Pear Winter Nellis Eater/Cooker Pick late Oct/Nov use until March
- 135. Pear Doyenne du Comice Eater/Cooker Pick Oct

9138 **Cherry Circle Inset** Located outside the front entrance to the Art School

136. Cherry Summer Sun Eater Pick late July

School of

The Arts

137. Cherry Regina Eater Pick mid/late July

Epinal Way

138. Cherry Stella Eater Pick late July

139. Cherry Sunburst Eater Pick mid July 140. Cherry Dun Eater Pick mid June to mid July

141. Cherry Summer Sun Eater Pick late July

CIDER ORCHARD

< to West

Entrance

109 111 113 113 114 112

Burleigh Court

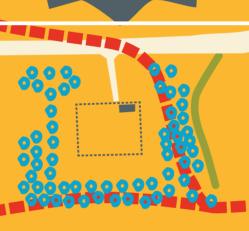
124

129 130 131

123

ORCHARD

See detailed map of Barefoot Orchard overleaf for tree identification by



one hundred trees how small this blister on my thumb

- Paul Conneally, Fruit Routes poet

Cider Orchard

- 92. Sweet Chestnut Pick from ground after Oct/Nov storms
- 93. Sweet Chestnut Pick from ground after Oct/Nov storms
- 94. Sweet Chestnut Pick from ground after Oct/Nov storms
- 95. Crab Apple John Downie Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife **96.** Crab Apple John Downie Pick Oct good for cooking and wildlife
- 97. Apple Falstaff Eater Pick Sept/Oct good for juice
- 98. Sweet Chestnut Pick from ground after Oct/Nov storms
- 99. Sweet Chestnut Pick from ground after Oct/Nov storms 100. Sweet Chestnut Pick from ground after Oct/Nov storms
- 101. Apple Hoary Morning Cooker Pick Sept/Oct use until Jan
- 102. Apple Annie Elizabeth Cooker Local variety Pick Oct use until Jan
- 103. Apple Dabinett Cider/Juice Pick Nov drops to ground when ripe **104.** Apple Kingston Black Cider/Juice Pick Nov drops to ground when ripe
- 105. Apple Kingston Black Cider/Juice Pick Nov drops to ground when ripe
- 106. Apple Hoary Morning Cooker Pick Sept/Oct use until Jan
- 107. Apple Anne Elizabeth Cooker Local variety Pick Oct use until Jan
- 108. Apple Dabinett Cider/Juice Pick Nov drops to ground when ripe

Burleigh Orchard

76. Apple Bramley's Seedling Cooker Origin Nottingham Pick Oct use until

- 77. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black
- 78. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black
- 79. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black
- 80. Apple Annie Elizabeth Cooker Local variety Pick Oct use until Jan 81. Greengage Oullins Gold Eater/Cooker Pick mid-Aug
- 82. Cherry Morello Cooker Pick Aug or leave on tree and eat when black
- 83. Greengage Oullins Golden Eater/Cooker Pick mid-Aug
- 84. Plum Victoria Eater Pick Aug/Sept
- 85. Apple Winter Gem Eater Pick Oct use until March 86. Apple Laxton Superb Eater Pick Sept/Oct use until Feb
- 87. Damson Farleigh Cooker Pick Sept
- 88. Apple Laxton's Superb Eater Pick Sept/Oct use until Feb
- 89. Plum Victoria Eater Ripe Aug/Sept
- 90. Apple Peasgood's Nonsuch Eater/Cooker Pick Sept use until Dec
- 91. Greengage Oullins Golden Eater/Cooker Pick mid-Aug

The white boxes have information about tree types, variety and guidelines on the best time to harvest. Harvest time can vary from year to year. Using touch, colour, taste and smell can help you decide if the fruit is ready to pick. It is often tempting to pick too early! Most fruit comes off the tree into your hand easily when ripe although pears ripen off the tree. Most varieties of pear and apple can be juiced. Note that some fruits have to be eaten quickly e.g. mulberry, and others store well in cool conditions. More on harvesting at www.fruitroutesloughborough.wordpress.com



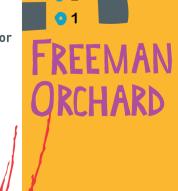
Roads or car park

Fruit Routes planted trees

University boundary

Freeman Orchard

- 1. Apricot Early Moorpark Eater Pick late July
- 2. Apricot Early Moorpark Eater Pick late July
- 3. Cherry Stella Eater Pick late July
- 4. Crab Apple Evereste Cooker Pick Oct/Nov good for cooking and wildlife
- 5. Pear Concorde Eater Pick Sept
- 6. Pear Doyenne du Comice Eater/Cooker Pick Oct
- 7. Cherry Early Rivers Eater Pick early/mid June
- 8. Cherry Early Rivers Eater Pick early/mid June
- 9. Cherry Stella Eater Pick late July 10. Plum Victoria Eater Ripe Aug/Sept
- 11. Cherry Merton Biggareau Eater Pick mid July
- 12. Cherry Early Rivers Eater Pick early/mid/June





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