

Spellings

(practise these in your neatest, joined handwriting)

door	kind
floor	mind
poor	behind
because	child
find	children

Can you think of any other words with the same spelling patterns?

Hello Year 2 - welcome back! I hope you have all had a lovely half term break and enjoyed the lovely sunny weather. We are starting our new topic 'The Scented Garden' this week.
Here are your tasks for Monday
Miss Clement ☺



Science - plant hunt

To start our 'Scented Garden' topic we are going to explore plants and flowers by going on a plant hunt. You may choose to do this in your own garden or out and about around the village. How many different plants and flowers can you spot? I have attached two spotter sheets on slides 2 and 3. Tick off or list the different plants and flowers that you find. Plants come in all shapes and sizes. Some have flowers, some have different shaped leaves, some of them are planted by humans but some are wild. Look carefully at the shape, size and colour of the plants and flowers that you find.

English

This week we are focusing on a different type of non-fiction text - information posters.

Read the poster on slide 4 'All about sunflowers'. Have a look at the layout of the poster- what are the key features (e.g. title, subtitles, photos)? Can you make a list of the features of a poster?

Then, choose a plant or flower you would like to create a poster about and research facts to include. Keep these safe as you will need them for tomorrow.

Maths

This half term we are carrying on with our White Rose Maths lessons. This week we are moving on to Summer Term - Week 3 w/c 4th May focusing on 'Fact families addition and subtraction bonds to 20'. These are really important facts that we need to know off by heart and be able to use to help us to solve problems. First, warm up your brain with these 10 mental Maths questions

<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/daily10>

Then have a go at the White Rose lesson. You can find the video, question sheet and answers here

<https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-2/>

Garden Plants



buddleia



clematis



dahlia



fuschia



heather



hollyhock



honeysuckle



iris



lavender



lily



lupin



pansy



poppy



primula



rhododendron



rose



sunflower



sweetpea



wallflower



wisteria

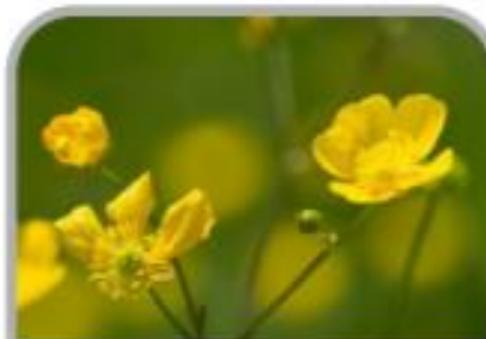
Wild Plants



dandelion



daisy



buttercup



nettles



ivy



dog rose



clover



brambles

All about sunflowers

Sunflowers are not only beautiful flowers. They also have many different uses.

Origins

The wild sunflower originally came from North America. It is believed that the sunflower was brought to Europe in the 1500s by Spanish explorers. Since then, the sunflower has become a hugely popular flower.



Why do farmers grow sunflowers?

Farmers grow sunflowers because their seeds can be used for many things. They can be eaten raw, roasted or dried, ground to make flour or squeezed to make oil. The petals, stalk, leaves and roots may also be used in medicines, fed to animals or used to make an organic fabric dye.

How to grow

Sunflowers need lots of sunshine, so it is important to plant them in a sunny spot. Here are some top tips for planting a sunflower:

- plant seeds straight into the ground, half a metre apart
- water regularly
- keep away slugs and snails
- grow against a wall or use a cane to support the plants

Moving flowers

Did you know that sunflowers can move? This is because of a special quality known as heliotropism. The young sunflower buds face the Sun in the morning and turn to follow it as the Earth rotates throughout the day. They continue to do this until their flowers heads grow to be too heavy to move.



Fun facts

- According to the *Guinness Book of World Records*, the tallest sunflower ever recorded was 9.17 m.
- There can be as many as 2000 seeds in just one sunflower!
- Did you know that there are two different coloured sunflower seeds? Black seeds are used for making oil and stripy ones are eaten.